

Tamar FCS2400 Fibre Channel to SCSI Bridge 3003.2400 User Manual V3.6

Bridgeworks

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Warning

The Bridgeworks Tamar FCS2400 FC to SCSI Bridge contains no user-serviceable components. Only an Authorized Service Centre should carry out any servicing or repairs. Unauthorized repairs or modifications will immediately void your warranty.

Before You Start

There are a number of additional pieces of equipment you will require for the successful installation of your Bridge:

Ethernet Cable

You will require a good quality cable of suitable length to go between your network access point and the Bridge. This should be marked as certified to Cat 5e and have a RJ45 style connector at the Bridge end.

Fibre Channel Interface

The Fibre Channel Bridge supports the use of SFP modules to connect to the Fibre Channel. You will require the correct type to connect to your existing infrastructure.

Fibre Channel Cable

In addition to the fibre channel interface, you will require a good quality cable of suitable length to go between your Bridge and your initiator or fibre channel switch.

SCSI Cable

The greatest source of SCSI related faults is poor quality SCSI cabling. This is especially true when running at the higher speeds possible with this Bridge. We therefore recommend that you purchase a good quality SCSI 3 compatible cable with High Density 68 way D type connector for your installation.

The FCS2400 Bridge includes termination for the SCSI bus and therefore should be placed at the end of any SCSI chain.

If you are in any doubt contact your reseller for extra assistance.

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1.0 Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Bridgeworks Fibre Channel to SCSI Bridge.

The Bridge has been designed to ensure that in the majority of installations it will require the minimum of set up before use. However, we suggest you read the following, which will guide you through setting up both the Fibre Channel Network and SCSI aspects of the Fibre Channel Bridge

The GUI Management section will guide you through the initial set up required to install the Bridge on to your network

1.1 Overview

The Fibre Channel Bridge creates an interface between a network, which utilises the Fibre Channel protocol, and peripherals that utilise the SCSI protocol. The internal circuitry of the Bridge acts as a two-way interface converting the data packets that are received on the Fibre Channel network into data transfers and electrical signals that storage devices such as disks, tape drives and optical disks understand on the SCSI bus.



The Bridgeworks FCS2400 Fibre Channel Bridge

1.2 Manual Layout

Throughout the manual symbols will be used to quickly identify different pieces of information.



This icon represents an important piece of information.



This icon represents a warning, care must be taken and the warning should be read thoroughly.

1.3 Definitions

In order to understand the process of identifying and configuring devices on the SCSI bus for the Server to communicate with it is necessary to understand some of the terms used by the menus.

SCSI Target Device

A SCSI device is a device that is connected to the SCSI bus that can be accessed by the Server. Each device on the SCSI bus has a Unique ID number in the range 0-15.



Note: By convention, ID 7 on the SCSI Bus is reserved by the Server's Host Bus Adaptor.

Logical Unit Numbers (LUN)

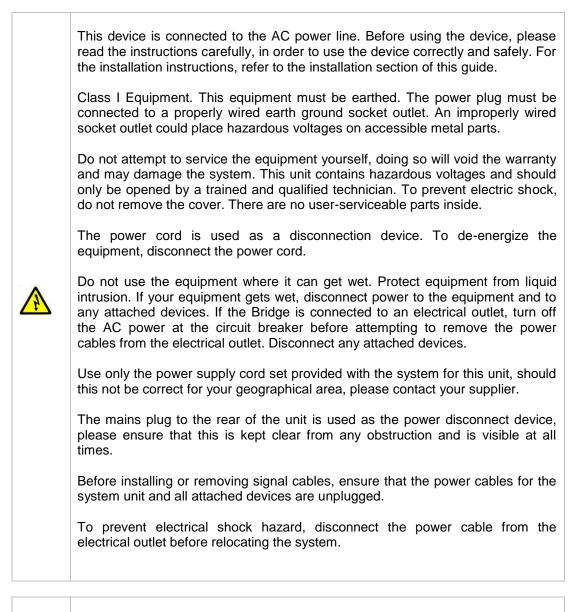
Each SCSI device on the SCSI bus can support sub-devices. These are called LUNs. Within the iSCSI Connect Bridge each SCSI ID on the SCSI bus can support 7 LUNs.

1.4 Safety Notices

This device should only be installed by suitably trained personnel.

Protection provided by the equipment may be impaired if used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer.

Do not block the enclosure's vents. Air enters from the front and is exhausted out the back of the device.





Class 1 Laser Product: Certain models will use a Small Form Factor Pluggable GBIC module for connection to an optical network. These devices may use a Class 1 Laser device – it is important that you do not stare into the Laser beam.

2.0 Installing the FCS2400 Bridge

There are 4 basic steps to installing the FC Bridge

- Connecting the Fibre Channel Interface
- Ethernet Connection
- SCSI Bus Connections
- Connecting the Power Supply

2.1 Connecting the Fibre Channel Interface

The FC Bridge can be used on the following network configurations

- 1Gb FC
- 2Gb FC
- 4Gb FC

It is not necessary to specify which network type you are connected to, as the FC Bridge will automatically select the correct network speed when first powered up.

The connection to the FC network is via an industry Small Form-factor Pluggable (SFP) interface Module that is inserted into the SFP receptacle on the front of the unit.

Once the SFP is inserted securely into the Bridge, insert one end of a fibre channel cable into the Bridge and the other end into your initiator or switch.

Front Panel of the Bridge Showing FC Cable Connections





Note: Only use an SFP that meets or exceeds the following standards: EU: IEC/EN 60825-1, North America: FCC, CDRH

2.2 Ethernet Connection

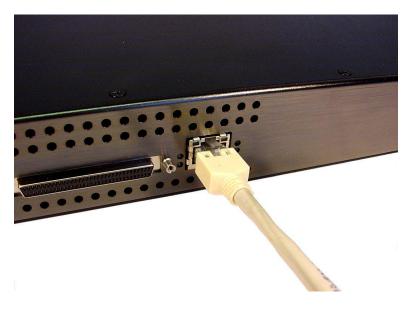
The Bridge can be used on the following network configurations:

- 10BaseT
- 100BaseT
- 1000BaseT (Gigabit)

It is not necessary to specify which network type you are connected to, as when powered up the Bridge will automatically select the correct network speed.

The connection to the Ethernet network is via an industry standard twisted pair, RJ45 copper interface on the front of the unit.

To connect the Bridge to the Ethernet network, insert a Cat 5E cable directly into the connector on the unit as shown below. When the plug is in the correct position a "click" should be heard.



2.3 SCSI Bus Connections

The SCSI bus on the Bridge is capable of running at speeds of up to 160 Mbytes/s. However, devices that operate at slower speeds can still be connected to this SCSI bus. In a manner similar to the Ethernet connection, the Bridge will automatically negotiate with these devices to obtain their optimal operating speed upon power up.

When adding your SCSI Servers to the SCSI bus it is important to remember that every device on the SCSI bus must have a unique SCSI ID and it is normal for SCSI ID 7 to be reserved for the Server.

The Bridge can support both single-ended and LVD Servers. However, it should be noted that the two bus types have different data transfer speeds and cable length limitations:

- Single-ended termination and/or devices 2 metres length (40 MB/s maximum)
- LVD termination and/or devices 6 metres length variable speeds up to a maximum of 160 MB/s.

If you are in any doubt, please contact your reseller for further assistance.

Connect the SCSI cable to the front of the Bridge as shown below, ensuring that the connector is the correct way up.



Connecting the SCSI Cable to the Bridge SCSI Port



Note: The two securing screws on either side of the connector should ONLY BE FINGER TIGHT.

2.4 Connecting the Power Supply

Before connecting the Power Supply to the unit, ensure the wall plug is removed or switched off.

Connect the Power Supply to the rear of the Bridge as shown below.





Note: Before powering up the Bridge, ensure all the peripherals are powered up and you have a connection to the network.

To turn on the Bridge use the switch next to the power connector and push in the button. (The image above shows the button in the off position). Whenever the Bridge is powered on the blue LED on the front panel will be illuminated.

Now that the Bridge is installed, the next stage is to configure it. This is described in the next chapter.

3.0 Configuring the FCS2400 Bridge

Before the FC Bridge can be used on the network for the first time, it is necessary to configure a number of parameters.

3.1 Using the Web Interface

Now that the Bridge is fully connected the primary method for configuring any option is through its web interface. The following section highlights the requirements needed to access these pages and the consistent layout used throughout.



Note: The default IP address of the web interface for the Bridge is http://10.10.10.10/

3.1.1 Browsers

This Bridge supports the following browsers

- Microsoft Internet Explorer 7
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 8
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 9
- Mozilla Firefox 9
- Mozilla Firefox 10
- Google Chrome Latest



Note: JavaScript must be enabled within the web browser to use the web interfaces functionality.



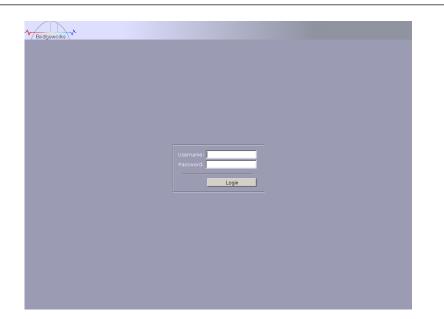
Important: If you choose to use a browser that is not on the list of supported browsers Bridgeworks cannot guarantee the behaviour of the Bridge's functionality.

3.1.2 Connecting to the Web Interface

From within your web browser, connect to the Bridge using the address http://10.10.10.10/ (or, if you have changed this previously, the address of the left-hand network port).

Depending on your current network parameters, it may be necessary to change your network settings on your computer for the initial set up. See Appendix A for further help.

Once you have connected to the web interface on the Bridge you will see the entry page shown below.



To access the web interface a user name and password must be used, the defaults of which are:

Username: **admin** Password: **admin**



Note: We suggest that you change your password at the next possible opportunity.

The GUI will now display the Console Home menu screen as shown below.



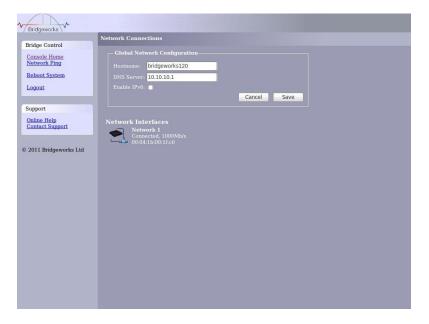


Note: For security reasons only one person can access this GUI at any one time. Therefore, to avoid the situation where one person forgets to logout, effectively locking up the GUI, the Bridge incorporates a five minute idle timer, which will automatically logout any user after this period.

Within the Support section there is a link that will open up your mail service with Bridgeworks' Email address loaded and an Online Help button. The Online help is contextually aware of which GUI page you are currently viewing and will provide you with help relevant to the display and configuration data.

3.2 Configuring the Network Parameters

Click on the Connections icon to enter the network configuration page.



3.2.1 Setting the Hostname

In this box enter the name you wish to use to address this Bridge in the future. We suggest that you use a name that is relevant to its location and/or its purpose.



Note: If you select the DHCP mode, ensure your DHCP server is set to automatically update the DNS server.

3.2.2 Enabling IPv6

Checking this box will enable the Bridge to use IPv6 IP addresses. As with Ipv4, you can either choose to use DHCP or assign a static IPv6 address.

To change the settings of the connection, click on the connection. You will be presented with the screen as shown below where you can make changes to the connection.

dge Control	Network Port: Networ			
nsole Home				
etwork Ping		1500 ~		
boot System				
gout	Use DHCP to a	assign an IP address automatic		
	🖵 🖲 Use the follow			
port		10.10.10.120		
		255.255.255.0		
ine Help ntact Support		233.233.233.0		
		ring IPv6 address:		
		ing IPvb address:		
		ing IPv6 address:		
		Up Link Speed:	1000Mb/s	
	IPv6 address: Default gateway: Link Status Link State: RX Bytes:	Up Link Speed: 161579 TX Bytes :		
	IPv6 address: Default gateway: Link Status ILink State: RX Bytes: RX Errors:	Up Link Speed: 161579 TX Bytes: 0 TX Errors:		
	IPv6 address: Default gateway: Link Status Link State: RX Bytes: RX Errors: IPv4 Address	Up Link Speed: 161579 TX Bytes :		
	IPv6 address: Default gateway: Link Status ILink State: RX Bytes: RX Errors:	Up Link Speed: 161579 TX Bytes: 0 TX Errors:		

3.2.3 Setting the MTU

Enabling larger frames on a jumbo frame capable network can improve the performance of your backup operations. Jumbo frames are Ethernet frames that contain more than 1500 bytes of payload (MTU). Before enabling jumbo frames, ensure that all the devices/hosts located on the network support the jumbo frame size that you intend to use to connect to the Bridge. If you experience network related problems while using jumbo frames, use a smaller jumbo frame size. Consult your networking equipment documentation for additional instructions.

Some networking switches require you to specify the size of the jumbo frame (MTU) when enabling, as opposed to a simple enable command. On these switches it might be required to add the necessary bytes needed for the frame header (i.e., header information + MTU). Typical header size is 28 bytes, so a 9000 byte MTU would translate to 9028 byte setting. Refer to your switch documentation to understand what the maximum frame size settings are for your switch.

3.2.4 Setting the IP Address

There are two possibilities when configuring the IP address for the Bridge:

DHCP - the Bridge will seek out the DHCP server on your network and obtain an IP address from the server each time it powers up.

Static IP - the IP address set in this page will be the IP address the unit will use each time it powers up.

Depending on your configuration, either click the DHCP button or set your Static IP address.



Note: If you select the DHCP mode, ensure your DHCP server is set to automatically update the DNS server.

3.2.5 Setting the Subnet Mask

If the Bridge is configured to use DHCP the net mask will be issued from the DHCP server. If you are using static IP address enter the IP mask in this box.

3.2.6 Setting the Gateway Address

Enter in this box the address of your gateway controller for your network.

3.2.7 Setting an IPv6 IP Address

If IPv6 is enabled on the network connections page, here you can choose to use DHCP to automatically assign an IPv6 address, or you can set a static IPv6 address. If you choose to assign a static IPv6 address, you will also need to assign an IPv6 subnet mask.

3.2.8 Committing the changes



Note: Before you commit these parameters to memory, it is worth checking that all the parameters and spellings are correct and that these have been written down in a safe place for future reference.

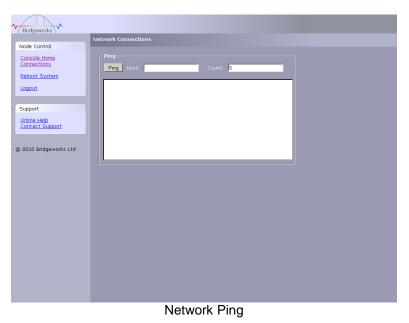
Click the save button to save these parameters and then click the reboot button in the left hand pane.

3.2.9 Reconnect to the Bridge

If you made changes to your computer, return them to their previous setting and reconnect to the Bridge using the IP address or hostname, depending on which addressing mode you selected.

3.2.10 Network Ping

You can test your network connection by using the 'Network Ping' tool. To access the Network Ping, click on the link in the left hand panel.



Enter the IP Address that you want to ping in the Host box and the number of times that you want to ping in the count box. The results of the ping will be displayed in the box below.



Note: If you enter 0 into the count box the ping will carry on until you leave the page or enter a value greater than 0 in to the count box and hit ping again.

3.3 Passwords and Security

This configuration page will allow the administrator to change the access password for the GUI.

From within the main menu select the Password and Security icon under the Network section

The GUI will now display the following window

Bridgeworks	
	Passwords & Security
Node Control Console Home Reboot System Logout Support Online Help Contact Support	System Password Old Password: New Password: Retype New Password: Change Password -Secure Web Connection
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd	Enable HTTPS:

To change your password, type the existing password and the new password into the appropriate boxes and press save.

Secure Connection – by clicking this box it will force all further transactions with the GUI to be done via a secure, encrypted HTTPS connection.

Once you have clicked this option, save the configuration, logout and login again.



Note: It is not possible to reset the password without logging into the GUI so ensure you remember your password!

3.4 Network Services

3.4.1 NTP

The Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a protocol for synchronising the clocks of computer systems over the IP network. This is used by the Bridge to synchronise its internal clock with the rest of the network.

This configuration page will allow the administrator to configure the IP addresses for the Network Time Domain server.

From within the main menu select the Service Control icon under the Network section

The GUI will now display the following window

Bridgeworks		
	Service Control	
Node Control		
Console Home	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)	
	Use NTP:	
Reboot System	NTP Server:	
Logout	Save	
	Save	
Support		
Online Help	Enable Email Alerts:	
Contact Support	Recipient Email Address:	
	Sender Email Address:	
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd	Trigger Event Log Level: Warning Events 💌	
	SMTP Server:	
	SMTP Username:	
	SMTP Password:	
	Save	

To enable NTP on the Bridge, click the tick box and enter the IP address for the NTP Server and then click the save button.

3.4.2 Email Alerts

The Bridge can notify a systems administrator when certain level log events are observed in the Bridges logs.

To enable email alerts on the Bridge, click the tick box next to "Enable Alerts", this will allow you to alter the contents of the currently greyed out fields. The following fields need to be completed.

Recipient Email Address - This is the email address to which the emails will be sent.

Senders Email Address - This is the email address that emails will be sent from. This can be any address and does not have to be genuine, which is useful for email filtering. For example entering logs@4bridgeworks.com would allow emails from this address to be filtered to a specified folder in the users email client.

Trigger Event Log Level - This allows the user to specify what severity of event will trigger the log to be emailed with Critical Events being the most severe and Warning Events being the least. For each level picked the higher level logs will also be emailed, for example selecting Error Events will also send all Critical Events.

Below are examples of events that will be sent for each log level

- The Bridge is running at non recommended temperatures The Bridge rejected a login attempt. • Critical:
- Error: •
- Warning: An Initiator has logged out of the Bridge. •

3.5 FC Target Connections

This configuration page will allow the administrator to configure the Fibre Channel Interface of the Bridge

From within the main menu select the FC Target icon from the SCSI System section.

The GUI will now display the following window

ridge Control	Fibre Channel 1	farget Managem	ent Console
Console Home	Global settin		
leboot System			
.ogout			
	Port List		
upport	Port 0 (123456	57C90123450)	
<u>Online Help</u> Contact Support		2*	<u>_</u> *
	Status	Configuration	
2009 Bridgeworks Ltd	Port 1 (123456	7E90123450)	
	•	२ *	*
		Configuration	

The left hand most icons display the current state of each Fibre Channel Port.

The green / red arrow display whether the port is up or down whilst the number displays the negotiated Fibre Channel speed

Clicking on the icon will take you into a further screen displaying more detailed information.

Port Configuration

Now select the first of the ports configuration icon

The Screen will now display the following

Bridgeworks	
Bridge Control	Fibre Channel Target Port Configuration
Console Home Fibre Channel Target Reboot System Logout Support Online Help	Port 0 Change Current Congifuration Port Enable: Link Speed: AUTO C Topology: AUTO Use Hard ALPA: ALPA 255
Contact Support	Restet to Defaults Save

The first parameter is the link enable check box

Check this to enable the link on to the FC SAN

The link speed pull down menu allows you to select the FC network speed. We recommend you select the automatic option from the pull down menu

Topology – this allows you to force the FC topology when the Bridge logs on to the FC network



Note: We suggest you leave this unchecked unless you are conversant with the lower levels of the Fibre Channel protocol as certain ALPA addresses are reserved.

Save – This will save the configuration to the local Flash memory for use at the next reboot.

Repeat this process for the other Network Port as required.

Connected Hosts

To List which hosts are connected to the Bridge, from the Fibre Channel main page select the connected hosts icon for the port you require

Bridgeworks	
	Fibre Channel Target Connected Hosts
Bridge Control	
<u>Console Home</u> Fibre Channel Target	-Host initiators connected to Port 0
<u>Reboot System</u> Logout	
Support	
<u>Online Help</u> <u>Contact Support</u>	
© 2009 Bridgeworks Ltd	
©	

Port Map

Once the Fibre Channel interface has been configured the target devices can now be assigned to the Fibre Channel ports.

From the Fibre Channel Management page select the port map icon.



There are two choices from the drop down list

Automatic this will assign to both Fibre Channel ports all the target devices so that any host connected to ether of the Fibre Channel ports will see the same devices.

Manual this will allow the user to manually assign which target device appears on which Fibre Channel.

Selecting Manual will bring up the following screen

Bidge Control Fibre Channel Target Portmap Bidge Control Configuration Type Console Home Exbrac Channel Target Manual © Support Port Assignment Contact Support Target Pert Fribre Annual © Port Assignment Fribre Contact Support Environ	\cdot						
Bridge Control Configuration Type Console Home Elbra: Channel Target Manual Reboot: System Logout Port Assignment Support Online Help Contact: Support Target Part Port Assignment IUN Forto Arts Environment Forto Trade State 0 Forto Trade State 0 Forto Trade State 0							
Contact Support Contact Suppor	Driden Control						
Beboot System Logaut Save Support Port Assignment Onine Help Contact Support Port UNN Fortowno 2 euio0o4180064000000 Fortowno 2 euio004180064000000 Fortowno 2 euio004180064000000 Fortowno 1 uui0041800640000000	Console Home		on Type				
Logout Port Assignment Support Target Part Devices Contact Support Devices Devices FcTpoRT0 2 euclo0418000408030 0 FCTPORT0 2 eucl00418000608030 0 FCTPORT0 1 eucl004180006908030 0		Manual	0				
Support Port Assignment Online Help Contact Support Image Part Devices Image Part Image Part Port LUN WWN LUN Environment Fortportno 2 munodel18004008050 0 Fortportno 1 munodel18004008050 0					Save		
Online Help Target Port Devices Image: Contact.Support Image: Contact.Suppo							
Online Help Device Device Contact Support Forth LUN UNIO0411006400855 UNI FCTPORT0 Eventosistence 0 FCTPORT0 Eventosistence 0							
FCTPORTO 2 eui.000418000408010 0 FCTPORTO 2 eui.000418000500810 0 FCTPORTO 1 eui.000418000508010 0							
FCTPORT0 1 #ui.0004180006008010 0	Contact Support	FCTPORTO	2	eui.00041B0004008010	0		
© 2000 Bridgeworks Ltd	© 2009 Bridgeworks Ltd						
	© 2009 bildgeworks Etd						
		2			5	9	
					Dura		
Remove					Remov	/e	
Select a Logical Unit 🗘			a Logical Un	it 🔍 🔍			
Port.			a Port	0			
LUN:		LUN:					
Input LUN Number		Input LUN	Number				
Add Assignment					Add Assignment		

To assign a target device to a Fibre Channel Port

- Select the target device from the list in the Logical Unit drop down menu
- Select which Fibre Channel Port you wish the LUN to appear on
- Select the LUN number you wish the device to have on the Selected Fibre Channel Port
- Click the Add Assignment button at the bottom of the panel

In the example above the Port Assignment shows you 3 devices assigned to Port 0 with the LUN numbers 0, 1 and 2.

3.6 SCSI Initiator

This configuration page will allow the administrator to configure a number of parameters that control the behaviour of the SCSI bus.

From within the main menu select the SCSI Initiator icon from the SCSI System section.

The GUI will now display the following window

1	Bridgeworks		
		SCSI Initiator	
	Bridge Control		
	Console Home		
	Reboot System	The following configuration options will be applied to every port configured in initiating mode.	
	Logout	Please note, the settings on this page are all advanced settings, no	
	Support	Host ID: 7	
	<u>Online Help</u> Contact Support	Settle Delay: 3	
	© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd	Maximum Commands 64 per LUN: Disable Wide Transfers: Disable Synchronous Transfers:	
-			

The settings in the SCSI Initiator page are advanced settings provided for configuration of legacy devices. Typically, no modification to any of these parameters should be required.

Host ID

This defines the ID of the Bridge on the SCSI bus and should not require modification unless using the unit with a shared SCSI bus.

Settle Delay

When devices are first turned or, when a SCSI bus reset is issued most devices will perform a set of tasks to reinitialise settings and reconfigure certain parameters which can take a little time to perform before the device will respond to commands on the SCSI bus. The settling time is the length of time given to allow devices to reset before issuing commands. Some older devices may take longer than the default 3 seconds which may cause them to be missed when the Bridge rescans the SCSI bus. Increase this parameter in small steps only.

Advanced Options

The following settings should only be changed if instructed by your support channel:

- Maximum Commands per LUN This is the maximum of commands that the Bridge will allow any one device to accept at any one time Default 64
- Disable Wide Transfers This forces the SCSI bus to work in Narrow Mode (8 bit) only. Default off.
- Disable Synchronous Transfers, This forces the SCSI bus to transfer in Asynchronous Mode only. Default off.

Selecting either of the last two options will have a detrimental affect on the performance of the Bridge.

3.7 Device Manager

From within the Console Home menu select the Device Management icon. This will display all the configured devices.

Bridgeworks V		
Deltas Cantral	Device Management	
Bridge Control		
Console Home	Device Info	
Reboot System	Target WWN eui.00041b0000108000 Target Alias 01:00	
Logout	Logical Units Attached: 1	
	Refresh Clear Configuration Update Configuration	
Support		
Online Help		
Contact Support		
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd		
0 ,		

To display further details of the connected devices, click on the blue triangle the left of the target.

Bridgeworks														
,	Douico I	1.20.20	omont											
Bridge Control														
bridge control														
Console Home Device Info														
Reboot System		Target WWN e		eui.00	i.00041b0000108000									
Rebuut System		Target				00								
Logout			gical Units Attached: 1											
		マ 🖬	UN 0	Prese	nt	enat	led	Pers	istent					
			LUN			0								
Support			Device					SI Rev (T6						
			Device				ial-access	device De	vice					
Online Help			SCSI R			SPC-3				_				
Contact Support			Media T				ble Media			_				
			Device	SCSI ID		0:1:0:0	60800005	57E758		_				
										-				
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd			Enable	/ Disable Devi	ce	Enable	ea 💌							
	Re	fresh	1	Clear Conf	icuratic	n (Lin	date Config	uration					
	1.0	liteon		01801 0011	igaraac		op	adie Comi	garation	_				

The expanded information also gives you a device control option

Enable / Disable Device – This pull down menu option allows you to disable a device from appearing on the interface.

4.0 Information

4.1 System Information

This System Information page will allow the administrator to view the Performance of the Bridge. From within the main menu select the System Information icon from the Bridge Maintenance section.

The GUI will now display the following window

V Bridgeworks	System Information
Console Home Reboot System Logout	Node & Firmware Details Firmware Revision *shaphardm v3.02" (Apr 22 2010 16:16:57) Boot loader Revision 1.2.0.1 v3_01_03 (Nov 16 2009 - 15:34:56) Serial Number 107762
Support	
Online Help Contact Support	Data throughput 129986/s
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd	CPU Utilisation 74%

Within the top window the following information is displayed

- Current Firmware & Boot Loader Revision Level
- Serial Number of the Bridge
- iSCSI Qualified Name (IQN)

Within the lower window are 3 bar graphs, which provide an approximation of the following performance parameters:

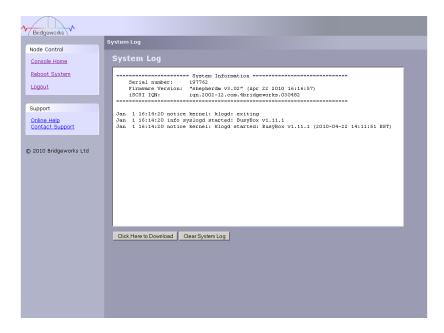
- Data Throughput This indicates the current performance in MB/s.
- CPU This indicates the percentage of the time the CPU is occupied undertaking the management and scheduling the transfer of data between the two interfaces
- Memory Usage This indicates the percentage of memory used by all processes

4.2 System Log

This System Log page allows the administrator to view the logged status of the Bridge.

From within the main menu select the View Log-file icon from the Bridge Maintenance section.

The GUI will now display the following window



Below the log display pane are two options:

- Clear System Log this will delete the current and saved logs within the Bridge
- Download this will download the log file to your local disk. You may be asked by our support team to email this log file to them to aid them in any problem resolution.

5.0 Maintenance

5.1 Firmware Updates

The Firmware Updates page will allow the administrator to load new firmware into the Bridge.

From within the main menu select the Firmware Updates icon from the Bridge Maintenance section.

The GUI will now display the following window.

Update Firmware
Firmware Upload
Firmware Revision: "vielerj v3.02" (Mar 30 2011 11:40:27)
Firmware image: Browse.
Update
After clicking update please wait for this page to change before proceeding.

From time to time it may be necessary to upgrade the firmware within the Bridge. New versions contain resolutions to known issues as well as new features and improvements to the functionality of the Bridge. It is advisable to check for the latest release on a regular basis.

New versions of the firmware can be downloaded from the Bridgeworks web site at:

http://www.4bridgeworks.com/software_downloads.phtml

Once you have downloaded the new firmware to a local disk drive:

- Click on the browse button to locate the file you have downloaded from the website.
- Click on the update button.

Updating the firmware will take a few minutes after which it will be necessary to reboot the system to bring the new code into memory.

5.2 Saving the Configuration to Disk

The Load/Save Configuration page will allow the administrator to save and load the configuration parameters to a file on a local disk.

From within the main menu select the Load/Save Configuration icon from the Bridge Maintenance section.

The GUI will now display the following window

Bridgeworks	
Deides Control	Load/Save Configuration
Bridge Control	Timport Configuration
Console Home	
Reboot System	Browse.
Logout	Upload
Support	
Online Help Contact Support	Export Configuration
	Click Here to Download
© 2010 Bridgeworks Ltd	
	Restore Defaults
	Restore Factory Defaults

Once you have finished configuring your Bridge we recommend that you save your configuration data to a local disk. By doing so you could save valuable time if the unit requires replacement, or if you require restoring an old firmware version, as the configuration may change due to upgrades.

It is possible to create a "Boiler Plate" configuration and load this into each new Bridge as it is initialised. This can ease the rollout of multiple Bridges within an enterprise.

To save the configuration data click on the "Click here to Download" link from within the Export Configuration window located in the centre of the page.

Depending on the browser you are using, select the option to save file to disk.

The Bridge will now download an encoded file that contains all the configuration settings for the Bridge.

5.3 Restoring a Saved Configuration

To reload the configuration, click on the Browse button and locate the required configuration to upload into the Bridge. Once located click the upload button and the new configuration data will be uploaded.

Once completed, use the various configuration pages to make any further adjustments required and then reboot the system.

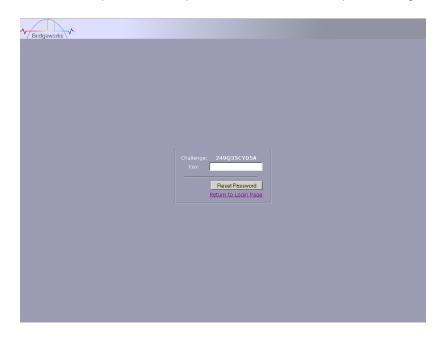
5.4 Restoring Factory Defaults

By clicking on this button all the parameters will be set back to the factory defaults. This includes IP address, hostname and passwords. We recommend that if you return the Bridge for maintenance that you reset to defaults to protect passwords and other sensitive information

6.0 Trouble shooting

6.1 Lost Password

If you have lost the admin password it is possible to reset it with help from Bridgeworks.



First ensure that there is nothing entered into the user field and then type PASSWORDRESET into the password field.

The unit will respond with a challenge key.

Copy this key into an email along with your name, company and contact details – you must include your company's personnel email address for security purposes.

Send this email to support@4bridgeworks.com and a key will be returned for you to enter into the key field.

Press the reset button once you have entered the key – this will reset the admin user password back to admin.

6.2 Network problems

Under normal operation you should be able to "ping" the network address of the Bridge and receive a response. If this fails, run through the following checklist to help you identify the problem.

- Ensure that the Bridge is properly plugged into the library and that the library is powered on. Make sure that the power LED on the Bridge is illuminated.
- Ensure that the Ethernet cable is plugged in at both ends .
- Note the status of the LEDs positioned within the Ethernet connector make sure that the "Link present" LED is illuminated. If it is not, check with your Network Administrator.
- If you are using a Bridge with two Ethernet ports and only one network cable, try using the other network address and/or the other network port.
- Ensure you are using the correct network address and netmask.
- Scan the network using the LAN Scan utility to find all the Bridges connected to the network in case the network address is different from that expected. See Section Lost IP Address.

If none of the above resolves your problem, then after consulting with your Network Administrator, please contact support.

6.3 Device related problems

Once the Bridge has booted and the target devices have finished initialising, these devices should be available on the host machine. After checking that you have correctly configured the initiator, run through the following checklist to help you identify the problem.

- Ensure that the devices are powered on and are ready some libraries can take 5 minutes or more before they are ready and appear on the Bridge. (The power up status of libraries are usually displayed on the front panel).
- Ensure that the cables between the Bridge and the devices are connected.
- Connect to the Bridge via the GUI and check that devices are present in the Device management window and are enabled you will need to drill down each device entry to see this option.
- If you can "ping" the Bridge but the GUI fails to appear check the setting within the Web Browser you are using. If you are directly connected to the Bridge then any proxy setting will require adjustment and may require you to contact your administrator.
- SCSI cables can be prone to having bent pins, particularly when using HD68 connectors. Check both ends to make sure no pins are bent. If you are in any doubt, replace the cable with a new one.
- Make sure all SCSI devices are either LVD or single-ended in order to be compatible with this Bridge. For optimal speed do not mix LVD and single-ended devices on the same bus.
- Ensure both ends of each SCSI bus are terminated. Bridgeworks have included an internal terminator within the Bridge.
- Ensure any Fibre channel cables do not have any kinks or a bend that exceeds your cable manufacturers maximum bend radius. Also confirm that then connector ends of the cable are fully "clicked in" inside the SFP's on either your initiator or switch and Bridge.
- Some Manufacturers SFP's do not report their speed correctly to the Bridge. To confirm that the speed is correct, first confirm the speed of your SFP by contacting your supplier.
- Once your speed is confirmed navigate to the fibre channel target page and click on the configuration next to the port you are using. Change the link speed form auto to the speed of your SFP. If you are in any doubt it is recommended to use A 4GB SFP as this will prevent any speed compatibility problems.
- Ensure there is no damage to the SFP, confirm the SFP is fully pushed into the FC enclosure and that the clip to secure the cable in place is functioning correctly. When a cable is connected to the initiator or switch correctly the Green LED on the front of the unit will flash.
- If using a fibre channel switch, ensure that the zones are correctly configured for the new device.
- Force a rediscovery from the initiator.
- Reboot the devices and Bridge.

If none of the above resolves your problem, please contact support.

6.4 **Poor Performance**

Poor performance can be caused by many differing reasons. The following checklist is provided as a guide to where you may find ways to improve performance.

- Ensure your initiator and Bridge are communicating at the fastest possible network speed. Within the GUI is the Network Connections window, select this and check the Link Speed entry in each of the Link Status Boxes. This should be 1000Mb/s if this is 10 or 100Mb/s, this will limit the performance dramatically.
- Packet loss can be a cause of poor performance. Within the Link Status Box check the number of TX and RX errors for both network Interfaces that are displayed in the Network Connections window. This should be zero or a very small number. If these are showing large numbers of errors, check the connections between the Bridge and the initiator. Also check that the entire network cabling between the Initiator and the Bridge is Cat5e certified.
- By enabling Jumbo packets (increasing the MTU size to 9000 from within the GUI Network Connections window (section 3.2.2)) you can improve the throughput performance of the Bridge. This will only work if ALL of the components in the infrastructure between the Initiator and the Bridge are enabled for Jumbo packets. That includes the HBA, all switches and routers and the Bridge itself. If any of the components are not enabled or not capable of handling Jumbo packets then unexplained packet loss or corruption can happen.
- Data Digests are an extra level of checksum error checking on top of the standard TCP/IP checksum error checking (configured on the initiator). However, the calculation of these extra checksums can greatly affect overall performance. Therefore, Header and Data Digests should only be enabled where the integrity of the Network connection is in doubt.
- Poor GUI performance. If the Bridge is transferring large amounts of data then the response from the GUI may seem a little slow as the process that controls the GUI has the lowest priority for Network and CPU resources.

6.5 Lost IP Address

Introduction

The utility will find any device irrespective of its IP address; this can be helpful in determining the IP address of a Bridgeworks device with an unknown IP address and for checking the number of Bridgeworks devices on a network.

Downloading LAN Scan

The utility can be downloaded from:

http://www.4bridgeworks.com/support/software.shtml

How to use LAN Scan

The utility is available under both Windows and Linux, and is a CLI based tool.

The downloaded file is in .zip format and contains the files lanscan, lanscan.exe and lanscan.bat.

For the GNU/Linux operating system the lanscan executable is needed. For the Windows operating system the lanscan.exe and lanscan.bat files are required

Linux

Execute lanscan within a console and the output is displayed on screen.

Windows

Double click on lanscan.bat. This will create a file named lanscan.txt. Open lanscan.txt within a text editor to view the discovered Bridgeworks devices.

Typical output

🔤 C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe 📃 🚺	Ι×
Product : SFC4200 SCSI-FC Bridge	
Port Ø	
> IP Address : 10.10.11.10	
> Mac : 00:04:1b:00:80:0c	
> Netmask : 255.255.255.0	
> Broadcast : 10.10.10.255	
> Gateway : 0.0.0.0	
> MTU : 1500	
Port 1 > IP Address : 10.10.10.31	
> Mac : 00:04:1b:00:80:0d	
> Netmask : 255.255.255.0	
-> Broadcast : 10.10.10.255	
> Gateway : 0.0.0.0	
> MTU : 1500	
+=-=- Response -====================================	
Hostname : bridgeworks	
Product : FS1200 FC-SCSI Bridge	
Port Ø	
> IP Address : 10.0.0.241	
> Mac : 00:c0:9f:2a:bf:5e	
> <u>N</u> etmask : 255_255.0	
> Broadcast : 10.0.0.255	
> Gateway : 0.0.0	
> MTU = 1500	
*======================================	
U:\documents>	•

Appendix A Setting up your Computer for Initial Setup

A1 Windows 95, 98 or NT

If your computer is running Windows 95, 98 or NT follow the instructions below. For users with Windows 2000, 2003 or XP, instructions are detailed in Appendix A2 and for Windows Server 2008, 7 or Vista, instructions are detailed in Appendix A3.

From the Start menu, choose Settings then Control Panel.

Then click the Network icon

twork			
Configuration Identificati	on Access Cont	rol]	
The following network c	components are in:	stalled:	
Client for Microsoft I Client for Microsoft I Client for Fast EtherLin Dial-Up Adapter		XEthern	et NIC (3C9
TCP/IP -> 3Com Fa		0/100МЬ	TX Etherne
TCP/IP -> Dial-Up /	Adapter	1	
Add	R <u>e</u> move		P <u>r</u> operties
Primary Network Logon:			
Client for Microsoft Net	works		
File and Print Sharin	ig		
Description TCP/IP is the protoco wide-area networks.	l you use to conne	ect to the	Internet and
		OK	Canc

In the Network window's Configuration tab,

Select the TCP/IP entry

Then the Properties Button

	anced		NetBIOS
Gateway	WINS C	onfiguration	IP Address
es not autor	natically as	sign IP add	dresses, ask
address aut	comatically		
address:			
10	. 10 . 1	0.11	
c 255	. 255 . 2	55.0	
	be automat is not autor istrator for address aut address: 10	be automatically assi; is not automatically as istrator for an address address automatically address: 10, 10, 1	be automatically assigned to this is not automatically assign IP add istrator for an address, and then address automatically address: 10 . 10 . 10 . 11

Click on the IP Address tab

Make a Note of your current set up then:

Click on the **Specify an IP** address button

Enter 10.10.10.11 into the IP Address field

Enter 255.255.255.0 into the Subnet Mask field

Finally click the OK button and reboot your computer.

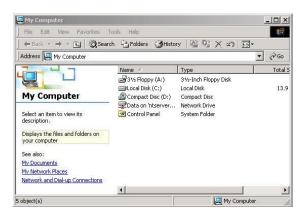


Note: Once you have completed the initial set up of the Bridge, return your computer to the original settings and reconnect to the Bridge.

A2 Windows 2000, 2003, XP

If your computer is running Windows, 2000, 2003 or XP follow the instructions below .For users with Windows 95, 98 or NT instructions are detailed in Appendix A1 and for Windows 7 or Vista, instructions are detailed in Appendix A3.

From the Desktop or Start menu, select My Computer



In the My Computer window select **Network** and **Dial-up Connections** positioned in the bottom left hand corner

🔃 Network and Dial-up Connectio	ns	_ 🗆 ×
File Edit View Favorites To	ols Advanced Help	
↔ Back + → + 🔂 🔞 Search	n 🔁 Folders 🎯 History 🛛 🖓 😤 🗙 ᡢ	
Address 📴 Network and Dial-up Cor	nections	▼ 🖓 Go
Network and Dial- up Connections	Name / Make New Connection 10 100 Ethernet Gigabit Ethernet	LAN LAN
This folder contains network connections for this computer, and a wizard to help you create a new connection.		
To create a new connection, click Make New Connection.		
To open a connection, click its icon.		
To access settings and components	•	•
3 object(s)		1

From within the displayed **Network and Dial-up Connections** select the interface connection that will be used to connect to the Bridge – in this example we have selected the Gigabit Ethernet interface.

neral		
Connection		
Status:		Connected
Duration:		00:25:10
Speed:		1.0 Gbps
Activity	Sent — 🗐	Received
Packets:	58,720	86,280
Properties	Disable	
		Clos

A general status page will be displayed. From within this page select **Properties**

177 - C	1 Gigabit Adapter	
		Configure
omponents checked a		ection:
Client for Micros Image: Client for Micros <t< th=""><th></th><th></th></t<>		
Retwork Load I		Networks
🗹 🏹 Internet Protoco		
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description		1.P 0
	r to access resources	on a Microsoft
Allows your compute network.		

Select the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) entry and then Properties

ou can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports is capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for e appropriate IP settings.			
O Obtain an IP address automatically			
Use the following IP address	s:		
IP address:	10 . 10 . 10 . 11		
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0		
Default gateway:	0 0 2		
C Obtain DNS server address	automatically		
Use the following DNS served	er addresses:		
Preferred DNS server:			
Alternate DNS server:	((()		

Make a Note of your current set up then:

Click Use the following IP Address

Enter 10.10.10.11 into the IP Address field

Enter 255.255.255.0 into the Subnet Mask field

Finally click the OK button.

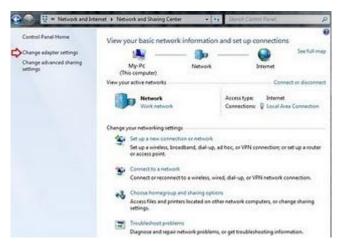


Note: Once you have completed the initial set up of the Bridge, return your computer to the original settings and reconnect to the Bridge.

A3 Windows Vista / Server 2008 or Vista or 7

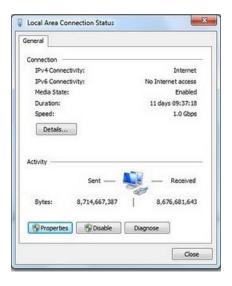
If your computer is running Windows, Vista or 7 follow the instructions below .For users with Windows 95, 98 or NT instructions are detailed in Appendix A1 and for Windows 2000, 2003 or XP, instructions are detailed in Appendix A2.

From the Start menu, select Control Panel



From the control panel select the **Network and Internet link**, followed by the **Network and Sharing Centre link**.

Now you can see the **Local Area connection** dialogue box. Double click Local Area Connections.



A general status page will be displayed. From within this page select **Properties**

Connect using:		
Realtek RTL8	168D/8111D Family PC	I-E Gigabit Ethernet
		Configure
This connection uses	s the following items:	
Client for Mi	crosoft Networks	
QoS Packet	t Scheduler	
🗹 🚚 File and Prin	nter Sharing for Microsoft	Networks
🗹 🛶 Internet Prot	tocol Version 6 (TCP/IP	v6)
🗹 📥 Internet Prot	tocol Version 4 (TCP/IP	v4)
[1] · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fopology Discovery Map	per I/O Driver
Link-Layer		
	Fopology Discovery Res	ponder
2020 - 222 - 220 - 2000	Fopology Discovery Res	ponder
	Topology Discovery Res	ponder P <u>r</u> operties
🗹 📥 Link-Layer 1		<u></u>
Link-Layer		P <u>r</u> operties
Link-Layer	Uninstall	P <u>r</u> operties tocol. The default

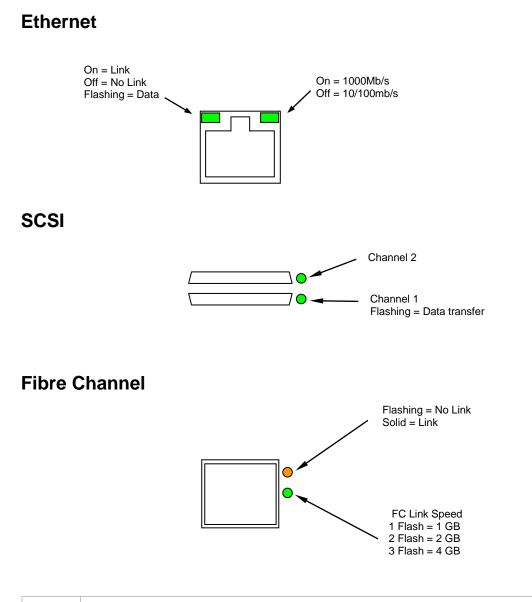
Select the Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP) entry and then Properties

eneral	
	ed automatically if your network support a need to ask your network administrator 5.
💮 Obtain an IP address au	tomatically
() Use the following IP add	ress:
IP address:	10 . 10 . 10 . 11
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	10 . 10 . 10 . 1
Obtain DNS server addre	ss automatically
O Use the following DNS se	rver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	4 - 14 - 4
Alternate DNS server:	5 05 S
Validate settings upon e	xit Advanced

Make a Note of your current set up then: Click Use the following IP Address Enter 10.10.10.11 into the IP Address field Enter 255.255.255.0 into the Subnet Mask field Finally click the OK button.



Note: Once you have completed the initial set up of the Bridge, return your computer to the original settings and reconnect to the Bridge.



Appendix B Visual Indicators



Note: During heavy data transfers, the LED's may appear off for an extended period.

Appendix C Technical Specifications

Physical	
Form Factor	19" 1U Rack mount
Depth	170mm (10.6 in)
Height	44mm (1.7 in)
Width	437mm (17.2 in)
Weight	5.1Kg
Recommended minimum clearance for cooling	100mm (4.in) on front and rear faces
Electrical	
Input voltage	110 –240V
Frequency	50 –60Hz
Input current	1 Amp Maximum
Maximum Power Consumption	60 Watts Maximum
Environmental	
Operating	0 to 40C (32F to 104F)
Non Operating	-20C to 60C (-4F to 140F)
Operating Humidity	5% to 90% Non-condensing
Storage Humidity	5% to 90% Non-condensing
Operating Altitude	3,000m (9,842ft)
Non Operating Altitude	8,000m (26,250ft)
Fibre Channel Interface	
Physical Interface	2 SFP connectors
Speed	4Gb, 2Gb, 1Gb Auto or manual selected
Protocol	FC-AL, FC-PLDA, FC-PH, FC-FLA, FCP-SCSI, FC-FS, FC-TAPE
Topology	NL-Port, FL_Port, F_Port, N_Port
Visual Indicators	Link connection, Link Speed
SCSI Interface	
Physical	VHDLC 68way LVD/SE
Speed	Auto negotiation up to Ultra160 (Ultra 320)
Width	Auto negotiation for narrow and wide
Visual Indicators	SCSI Bus busy
Ethernet Interface	

Physical	RJ45
Speed	10, 100, 1000Mb/s
Protocol	IPv4, IPv6,
Visual Indicators	Link, Activity